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Headline: Singapore moves to improve air traffic management

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Expect fewer delays and smoother flights when new system is rolled out in late 2020s

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Singapore is laying the ground-work for a new air traffic management (ATM) system that will allow the Republic to better manage a projected increase in flights in the

future and reduce delays.

The Civil Aviation Authority of Singapore (CAAS) intends to pur-chase the new ATM system in the mid-2020s, and roll it out in the ter half of the decade, according to mid-2020s, and roll it out in the lattender documents seen by Straits Times

With better and smarter air traf-

expect fewer delays and a smooth-er flying experience, aviation ex-perts said.

A new ATM system will also alle-viate congestion and pollution caused by increased air traffic, lower labour costs, and reduce workloads for the roughly 500 air traffic controllers employed here traffic controllers employed here today, the experts added. In December, CAAS put up a ten-

der seeking consultancy services to help it acquire a new ATM sys-

to help it acquire a man-tem.

The appointed company will have to develop a set of require-ments in the areas of system de-sign, resilience, safety and cyber security based on industry best practices. CAAS will evaluate fu-ture contract proposals for the new

ATM system against these require-

ments.
Singapore's current ATM system
has been in use since 2013.
Known as the Long Range Radar
and Display System (Lorads) III, it
was developed by French aerospace group Thales at a cost of
more than \$300 million and can
track up to 2,000 aircraft at a time,
several times more than the system

several times more than the system used before it. CAAS told ST it is planning to replace Lorads III with a new system before it reaches the end of its life in the late 2020s.

Mr Loo Chee Beng, CAAS' direc-tor of aeronautical telecommunications and engineering, said: "The new system will incorporate new capabilities to allow CAAS to new capabilities to allow CAAS to manage the growth in air traffic more safely, efficiently and sus-tainably, and to respond to the evolving operating environment, such as by supporting unmanned

Senior Minister Teo Chee Hean previously said during a dialogue in 2022 that the next generation of air navigation service systems will enable cutting-edge air traffic management concepts to be implemented, improving flight predictability while reducing congestion.

CAAS said it is expanding the Singapore Air Traffic Control Centre in Biggin Hill Road in Changi to accommodate the new ATM system. The centre is one of three air traffic control facilities in Singapore, and it provides approach and area control services to aircraft oparea control services to aircraft op-erating in the Republic's Flight In-formation Region (FIR). Under international law, global

airspace is divided into FIRs, and airspace is divided into F1Ks, and countries are responsible for pro-viding flight information and navi-gation services in the FIRs that they are assigned to by the Interna-tional Civil Aviation Organisation. In 2022, CAAS handled about 450,000 aircraft movements in Singapore's assigned FIR. While this falls short of the

750,000 aircraft movements that CAAS handled in 2019, industry observers predict that passenger traffic in the Asia-Pacific region should make a full recovery in 2024 or 2025, and grow exponentially thereafter.

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This growth, coupled with the operationalisation of a three-run-way system at Changi Airport in the latter half of the 2020s and the completion of Terminal 5 in the mid-2030s, means Singapore will be dealing with a much higher amount of air traffic in the future, experts said.
Singapore is also investing heavily in unmanned aircraft and air taxis, which means the country will have to manage new kinds of air traffic, adding new challenges, said Associate Professor Sameer Alam, deputy director of Nanyang Technological University's Air

Technological University's Traffic Management Research In-

Mr Blair Cowles, the International Air Transport Association's Asia-Pacific regional director for oper-ations, safety and security, said it is important that ATM systems are upgraded, or periodically replaced with newer versions, to ensure they can deliver the safety and service levels required by the ever-in-creasing number and types of air-

space users.

Prof Sameer said a new generation of ATM systems will enable Singapore to adopt smart air traffic procedures, which can help reduce carbon emissions and fuel con-sumption both in the air and on the

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ground at the airport.

For instance, allowing optimal
continuous descent approaches for
aircraft landing at Changi Airport,
rather than doing it in steps as is
the practice now, will help to reduce fuel burn.

Mr Shukor Yusof, founder of
aviation consultancy Endau Analytics, said: "Singapore is always
keen to maintain its edge in the
aviation industry. This latest move
to upgrade its systems, and people,
to deal with challenges in the next
decade and beyond is a step in that
direction." direction.'

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